

The goal of these hands-on exercises is to reinforce the concepts taught in the online tutorial, using simple examples, and to familiarize users with our website so they will know where to find each of the products. For each exercise, please follow along, starting from the main page of the NOAA Coral Reef Watch website: <a href="http://coralreefwatch.noaa.gov/satellite/">http://coralreefwatch.noaa.gov/satellite/</a>.

# Sea Surface Temperature (SST) product exercises

- **1.** What was the temperature around the Galapagos Islands on March 4, 2006?
  - a. On the front page of the CRW website, look for the blue navigation bar on the left-hand side. Each of the operational products is listed here: images and animations for the global products, plus Virtual Stations data products.
  - b. Click on the fourth product in this navigation bar: Sea Surface Temperature.



c. This takes you to this year's page for the Sea Surface Temperature (SST) product. The image at the top will show the latest global SST, and the table underneath links to archived images for the current year. Click on **Image Archives**.

#### **Data Formats Available**



### Image Archives

Regional imagery and image archives from OSDPD.



#### **Animations**

Data animations and downloadable animated GIF files from OSDPD.



## Google Earth

All of our satellite data products are available on Google Earth.



## HDF data files

Raw data in Hierarchical Data Format (HDF), with free NOAA viewing software.



### Virtual Stations

Imagery, graphs, ASCII data, and e-mail alerts for reef pixels around the

d. Scroll down this page, until you get to the bottom of the archive table. You will see links to previous years; click on **2006 50km Nighttime SSTs** to navigate to that year.

2013 50 km Nighttime SSTs

2012 50 km Nighttime SSTs

2014 50 km Nighttime SSTs

2015 50 km Nighttime SSTs

2016 50 km Nighttime SSTs

2017 50 km Nighttime SSTs

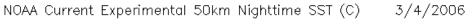
2018 50 km Nighttime SSTs

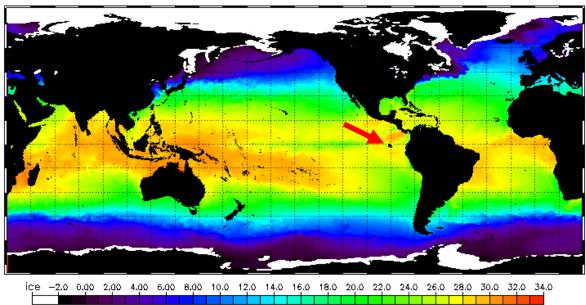
2018 50 km Nighttime SSTs

2018 50 km Nighttime SSTs

2019 50 km Nighttime SSTs

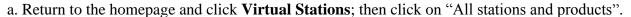
e. Here you will see links to the global images, two per week for the whole year. Find the link for **March 4**, and click to access the global image. Locate the Galapagos Islands, off the west coast of South America.

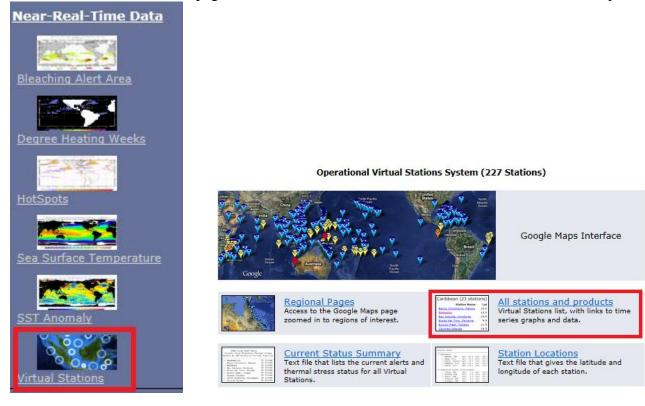




f. Using the color bar at the bottom of the image, determine the sea surface temperature in the pixels closest to the Galapagos Islands. (*Look at Answer #1 on the answer sheet to see if you got it right!*)

**2.** Which summer was hotter in the US Virgin Islands: 2004 or 2005? Look at the entire summer season, not just the maximum temperature.

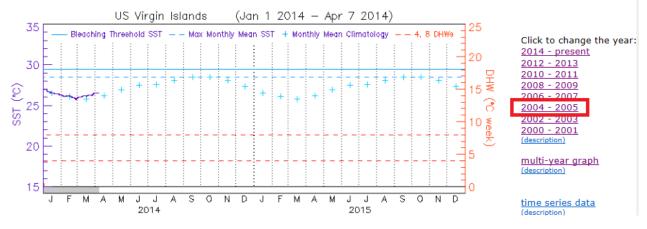


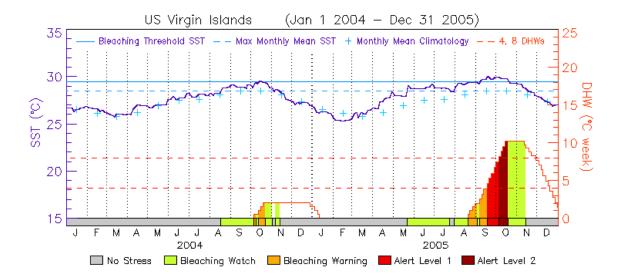


b. This takes you to a page that lists our 227 Virtual Station sites around the world. Find the cell in the table that says **US Virgin Islands.** 

| racico morciosy mexico |      | 0010  | maio year  | correin | 45.40 | 40.44 | 00 00 1 | 00 07 1 | 0.00  | 02 00 1 | 00 01 | 0000        |
|------------------------|------|-------|------------|---------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|-------|-------------|
| Puerto Rico            | 18.0 | -67.5 | multi-year | current | 12-13 | 10-11 | 08-09   | 06-07   | 04-05 | 02-03   | 00-01 | <u>data</u> |
| San Bernardo, Colombia | 10.0 | -76.0 | multi-year | current | 12-13 | 10-11 | 08-09   | 06-07   | 04-05 | 02-03   | 00-01 | <u>data</u> |
| Santa Marta, Colombia  | 11.5 | -74.5 | multi-year | current | 12-13 | 10-11 | 08-09   | 06-07   | 04-05 | 02-03   | 00-01 | <u>data</u> |
| Turks and Caicos       | 21.5 | -72.0 | multi-year | current | 12-13 | 10-11 | 08-09   | 06-07   | 04-05 | 02-03   | 00-01 | <u>data</u> |
| US Virgin Islands      | 18.0 | -65.0 | multi-year | current | 12-13 | 10-11 | 08-09   | 06-07   | 04-05 | 02-03   | 00-01 | data        |

c. This page shows time series graphs for the US Virgin Islands pixel, starting in 2000. Find the 2004-2005 graphs, and compare the summer seasons.

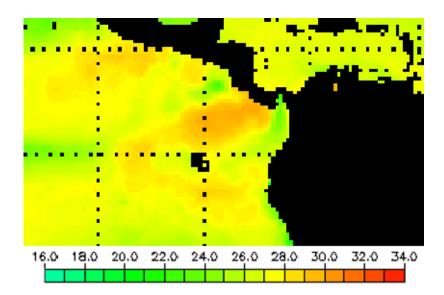




Remember that the dark-blue line shows the sea surface temperature from NOAA satellites. Which year had the warmer summer? (*See #2 on the answer sheet*.)

# SST PRODUCT ANSWER SHEET

**1.** The pixels closest to the Galapagos are pale green to yellow, which indicates temperatures around 27°C.



**2.** The summer of 2005 was consistently above average throughout the spring and summer – definitely warmer than 2004. In fact, there was significant coral bleaching in the US Virgin Islands in late summer 2005.

